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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/534,327	05/09/2005	Stefano Ambrosius Klinke	0119065-00031	4925
<sup>29177</sup> K&L Gates LLl	7590 07/08/200 <b>P</b>	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1135	;		SAINT CYR, LEONARD	
CHICAGO, IL 60690			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/08/2009	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Appli	Application No. App		pplicant(s)			
		10/53	34,327	KLINKE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			iner	Art Unit	T			
		LEON	IARD SAINT CYR	2626				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appears or	the cover sheet	with the correspondence	address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE IN Insions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come period for reply is specified above, the maximum is reto reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In a munication. tatutory period will apply a y will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUN no event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) M e application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>20 April 200</i>	19					
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
- ,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 7-12 is/are pending in the	application.						
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>7-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7)🛛	Claim(s) <u>12</u> is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or election	on requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.						
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on <u>05/09/05</u> is/a	are: a)⊠ accepte	d or b)⊡ objecte	d to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction is re	quired if the drawing	ng(s) is objected to. See 37	CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3)  Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ( nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>04/20/09</u> .	PTO-948)	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application 				

Art Unit: 2626

## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114 was filed in this application after appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences, but prior to a decision on the appeal. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114 and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the appeal has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114 and prosecution in this application has been reopened pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/20/09 has been entered.

### Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 7 - 11 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant argues that Thyssen does not teach a memory unit that stores a reference table that includes at least one parameter value for the bandwidth expansion for at least two net bit rates of the narrowband speech signal (Amendment, pages 5, and 6).

The examiner agrees, but this limitation is now rejected in view of new ground of rejection. See claim rejection below.

Art Unit: 2626

#### Oath/Declaration

3. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because: Inventor, Frank Lorenz, does not date his signature.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 7 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Malah (US PAP 2003/0093278) in view of Gao et al., (US Patent 6,574,593).

As per claim 7, Malah teaches a communication device, comprising:

a bandwidth expansion device for expanding a bandwidth of a narrowband speech signal ("extending the bandwidth of a narrowband signal") at its low-frequency and/or high-frequency end ("high band region…lower band") by synthesis of at least one frequency band contained within said narrowband speech signal ("synthesizing a highband signal from the narrowband speech" paragraphs 10, 30, and 8, first four lines).

However, Malah does not specifically teach a memory unit, communicatively coupled to said bandwidth expansion device, wherein said memory device stores a reference table that includes at least one parameter value for the bandwidth expansion for at least two net bit rates of the narrowband speech signal.

Page 4

Gao et al., teach that bandwidth expansion provides additional robustness against signal and round-off errors during subsequent encoding. According to rate selection, the bit-stream may be decoded to generate the post-processed synthesized speech. The decoders 90, and 92 perform inverse mapping of the components of the bit-stream to algorithm parameters. The inverse mapping may be followed by a type classification dependent synthesis within the full and half-rate codecs 22, and 24 (col.31, lines 64 – 67; col.56, lines 20 – 26; performing inverse mapping to algorithm parameters implies a reference table stored in a memory that includes at least one parameter value for the bandwidth expansion for at least two net bit rates of the narrowband speech signal, since the inverse mapping of parameters is done based on a selected rate).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use inverse mapping of the components of the bit-stream as taught by Gao et al., in view of Malah, because that would provide high quality decompressed speech (col.4, lines 23 - 25).

As per claim 8, Malah in view of Gao et al., further disclose that the reference table includes data relating to an amount of energy in a synthesized frequency band ("adaptive gain control module brings the energy level of the synthesized speech") and of a spectral structure of the synthesized frequency band ("parameters...may be adapted according to the rate selection and the long-term spectral characteristic

Art Unit: 2626

determined by the characterization module"; Gao et al., col.58, lines 13 – 17, and 43 – 45).

Page 5

As per claim 9, Malah teaches a method for expanding a bandwidth of a narrowband speech signal for a communication terminal, comprising:

detecting a net bit rate of the narrowband speech signal of the communication terminal ("the decoded output from a **low bit-rate** speech coder"; paragraph 179);

expanding the bandwidth by means of a bandwidth expansion device on the basis of the parameters determined for a current bit rate ("obtaining parameters that represent the wideband spectral envelope from the narrowband spectral representation...parametric bandwidth extension systems"; paragraph 73, lines 1 – 6; paragraphs 67, and 117).

However, Malah does not specifically teach accessing a memory that includes a reference table which includes associations between at least two net bit rates and parameter values for bandwidth expansion, in order to determine the at least one parameter value which is suitable for the detected net bit rate.

Gao et al., teach that bandwidth expansion provides additional robustness against signal and round-off errors during subsequent encoding. According to rate selection, the bit-stream may be decoded to generate the post-processed synthesized speech. The decoders 90, and 92 perform inverse mapping of the components of the bit-stream to algorithm parameters. The inverse mapping may be followed by a type classification dependent synthesis within the full and half-rate codecs 22, and 24

Art Unit: 2626

(col.31, lines 64 – 67; col.56, lines 20 – 26; performing **inverse mapping** to algorithm **parameters** implies a reference table stored in a memory that includes at least one parameter value for the bandwidth expansion for at least two net bit rates of the narrowband speech signal, **since the inverse mapping of parameters is done based on a selected rate**).

Page 6

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use inverse mapping of the components of the bit-stream as taught by Gao et al., in view of Malah, because that would provide high quality decompressed speech (col.4, lines 23 - 25).

As per claim 10, Malah in view of Gao et al., further disclose that the reference table takes account, as parameters, of an amount of energy in a synthesized frequency band ("adaptive gain control module brings the energy level of the synthesized speech") and of a spectral structure of the synthesized frequency band ("parameters...may be adapted according to the rate selection and the long-term spectral characteristic determined by the characterization module"; Gao et al., col.58, lines 13 – 17, and 43 – 45).

5. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Malah (US PAP 2003/0093278) in view of Gao et al., (US Patent 6,574,593), and further in view Van Der Vleuten (US Parent 6,498,811).

Art Unit: 2626

As per claim 11, Malah in view of Gao et al., do not specifically disclose the energy of the synthesized frequency band decreases as the net bit rate decreases.

Van Der Vleuten teaches that the bit rate of the lossless encoded residue signal will decrease, accordingly, as the energy content of the second residue signal decreases (col.4, lines 33 – 36).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for the bit rate to be proportional to the energy as taught by Van Der Vleuten in Malah in view of Gao et al., because that would reduce the bit rate of a digital information signal more efficiently (col.1, lines 45 - 47).

## Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claim 12 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

As to claim 12, neither Van Der Vleuten, nor Malah, nor Gao et al., teach that the spectral structure of the synthesized frequency band takes account of the probability of occurrence of artifacts at specific frequencies in the narrowband speech signal.

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See PTO-892.

Art Unit: 2626

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LEONARD SAINT CYR whose telephone number is (571) 272-4247. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richemond Dorvil can be reached on (571) 272-7602. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571)-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

LS 07/01/09 /Leonard Saint-Cyr/ Examiner, Art Unit 2626